## CORRECTION Open Access

## Correction: Adiponectin affects the migration ability of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells via the regulation of hypoxia inducible factor 1a

Sujung Soh<sup>1</sup>, Sora Han<sup>1,2</sup>, Hye In Ka<sup>1,2</sup>, Se Hwan Mun<sup>1,2</sup>, Woojung Kim<sup>1</sup>, Gaeun Oh<sup>1</sup> and Young Yang<sup>1,2\*</sup>

Correction: Cell Commun Signal 21, 158 (2023) https://doi.org/10.1186/s12964-023-01143-y

Following the publication of the original article [1], the authors found an error in Fig. 7B. Unintentionally, the wrong flow cytometry image was displayed in recruited CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells toward APN KO BMSCs. To further verify the study's accuracy, we would like to provide the revised Fig. 7B. The correct image is presented in this correction article, and the correction does not change the description or the conclusion of the original paper.

Further to this, the discussion has been updated to: "Indeed, APN activated GSK3 $\beta$  activity in BMSC (Fig. 4B), and the GSK3 $\beta$  inhibitor promoted the stabilization of HIF1 $\alpha$  (Fig. 4D)." We offer the revised sentence to clarify the content of the research article.

The authors would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused. The original article [1] has been corrected.

Published online: 03 August 2023

## Reference

 Soh S, Han S, Ka HI, et al. Adiponectin affects the migration ability of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells via the regulation of hypoxia inducible factor 1a. Cell Commun Signal. 2023;21:158. https://doi.org/10. 1186/s12964-023-01143-y.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s12964-023-01143-y.

\*Correspondence:

Young Yang

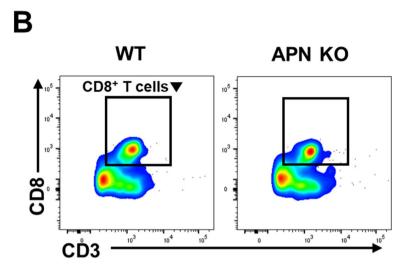
yyang@sookmyung.ac.kr

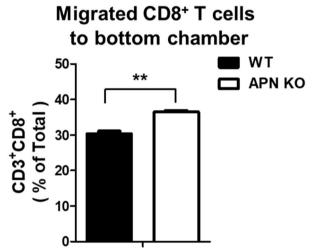
<sup>1</sup> Department of Biological Sciences, Sookmyung Women's University, Seoul 04310, Republic of Korea

<sup>2</sup> Research Institute of Women's Health, Sookmyung Women's University, Seoul 04310, Republic of Korea



© The Author(s) 2023. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data





**Fig. 7 B** APN KO BMSCs were placed in the bottom chamber, splenocytes from EL-4-bearing WT mice were placed in the upper chamber of the transwell plate, and the population of migrated CD8<sup>+</sup>T cells in the bottom chamber was analyzed by flow cytometry. **C** Cell lysates from the BMSCs were used to measure the levels of various chemokines. All dots were quantified using ImageJ software, and bar graphs were used for quantitative data