## CORRECTION

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# Correction to: Cytochrome P450 1A1 enhances inflammatory responses and impedes phagocytosis of bacteria in macrophages during sepsis



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## Correction to: Cell Commun Signal (2020) 18:70 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12964-020-0523-3

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified that four western blot bands in Figs. 1, 2 and Additional file 1: Figure S4 were incorrect. The correct images are presented in this correction article and the corrections to these bands do not change the conclusion to the paper. The authors apologize for the error.

#### Supplementary information

Supplementary information accompanies this paper at https://doi.org/10. 1186/s12964-020-00597-8.

**Additional file 1: Figure S4.** Validation of the NF-kB signalling pathway and different MAPK signalling pathways in LPS-stimulated CYP1A1/RAW and NC/RAW.

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 $(1.2 \times 10^{11} \text{ CFUs/kg}, \text{CFUs}, \text{ colony forming units})$ . PMs were extracted at the indicated times and subjected to western blotting analysis of CYP1A1 protein levels. **b** PMs isolated from WT mice were treated with vehicle, LPS  $(10 \,\mu\text{g/m})$  or heat-killed *E. coli* (MOIs = 10, MOIs, multiplicity of infections) for the indicated times. CYP1A1 mRNA expression was quantified by qRT-PCR. Expression levels of CYP1A1 protein were detected by western blotting. **c-e** AhR<sup>-/-</sup> and WT mice were intraperitoneally injected with vehicle or *E.coli*. After 12 h treatment, PMs and PLFs were extracted and subjected to analysis of AhR and CYP1A1 protein expression levels (**a**), pro-inflammatory cytokines expression levels (**b**) and PMs count (**c**). Data are mean ± SEM of three independent experiments. Results were compared by one-way ANOVA. \**p* < 0.05. NS, no statistical difference

